COVID-19 Infection Prevention Precaution Principles for OR Cases

All staff must be in Airborne PPE to enter the room
Do NOT change PPE for duration of case

Don & Doff with a partner

(Instructional Video)

Teams of 3-4 for ALL care

1 Primary Anesthetist
1 Assistant

2 “CLEAN” Assistant(s) outside Operating Room
or 1 “Clean” Assistant during transport

In OR keep the MINIMUM NECESSARY
Supplies | Equipment | Drugs | Staff

Staff may enter the room 14 minutes after intubation
Remaining staff and patient must remain in room for 14 minutes after extubation

HEPA room air purifier should be turned ON prior to intubation and extubation.
It should be turned OFF:

14 minutes after intubation
15 minutes after patient leaves the room
If sterility is not required for procedure, purifier may be left on throughout

Reduce Risk of Aerosolization During Transport

When feasible, intubate the patient in a negative pressure room prior to transport.
After surgery, if the patient will go to a negative pressure room, keep them anesthetized and paralyzed.
Extubate them after transport.

For all transports: Anesthesia Mask, HEPA Filter, BVM/JR on bed

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Intubated</th>
<th>Non-intubated</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HEPA filter between ETT &amp; BMV/JR</td>
<td>Non-Invasive Ventilation (BiPAP)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RA</td>
<td>lowest possible flow + Cover with surgical ear-loop mask</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surgical Ear-Loop Mask</td>
<td>Ensure tight seal</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Infographic by Harriet Hopf, MD

Designed by Beca Chacin